Geometry #6: Parallel, Perpendicular, and All That

Do Now

- 1. Lines that are coplanar but do not intersect can be described as
- (1) perpendicular
- (2) parallel
- (3) skew
- (4) congruent
- 2. The intersection of two planes is
- (1) 1 point
- (2) 1 line
- (3) 2 points
- (4) 2 planes
- 3. Line r intersects parallel planes U and V. The intersection can be described as
- (1) 2 parallel lines
- (2) 1 line
- (3) 2 intersecting lines
- (4) 2 points
- 4. Points A, B, and C are not collinear. How many planes contain all three points?
- (1) one
- (2) two
- (3) three
- (4) an infinite number
- 5. In the figure of a rectangular prism, which of the following is true?
- (1) Points E, H, D, and A are coplanar and collinear.
- (2) \overline{HD} is skew to \overline{CG} , and $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{CG}$
- (3) $\overline{EA} \perp \overline{BC}$, and $\overline{AB} || \overline{CD}$.
- (4) $\overline{EA} || \overline{CG}$, and \overline{EH} skew to \overline{FB} .

